

## Quarantine Requirements for the Importation of non-Human Primate

### Wildlife

(In case of any discrepancy between the English version and the Chinese text of these Requirements, the Chinese text shall govern.)

Promulgated by Council of Agriculture on November 16, 1995

1. The wild animals shall have been raised in the exporting country on the farm of origin for at least 6 months. The animals shall be inspected by the animal quarantine authorities of the exporting country and found in good health condition and free from clinical evidence of any communicable disease prior to shipment.
2. The animals shall be detained for pre-export quarantine in an approved isolated quarantine premises under the supervision of the animal quarantine authorities of the exporting country for at least 14 days prior to shipment. During the pre-export quarantine, the animals shall be subject to the following tests with negative results:
  - (1) Tuberculosis: intradermal tuberculin test.
  - (2) Dengue fever: serum neutralization test (against serotypes 1 to 4).
  - (3) Yellow fever: serum neutralization test (in case that the animals have not been vaccinated).
  - (4) *Brugia malayi*: examination of blood smear.
  - (5) Malaria: examination of blood smear.
  - (6) Amebiasis: fecal test with centrifuge method.
  - (7) *Strongyloides stercoralis* : fecal test with centrifuge method.
  - (8) Herpesvirus B: enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA).
  - (9) Other diseases and diagnostic tests provisionally designated.The diagnostic tests described above may be exempted for the countries or zones where, according to the report of the OIE or the relevant epidemiological information, have been free from the above diseases for more than 5 years.

**Rhesus macaque** (*Macaca mulatta*), crab-eating macaque (*Macaca fascicularis*), Philippine crab-eating macaque, or African green monkeys from Zaire, Sudan, and the Philippines shall be subject to the following additional tests with negative results:

- (1) Ebola hemorrhagic fever: indirect immunofluorescent antibody test.
  - (2) Lassa fever: indirect immunofluorescent antibody test.
3. The animals shall be transported with clean sealed containers and vehicles disinfected with officially approved disinfectant. No supplementary feed, fodder or beddings shall be supplied or other animals be loaded during the transportation.
  4. To import the animals, an original veterinary certificate in English issued by the animal quarantine authorities of the exporting country should be provided. The certificate should

include dates of quarantine detention, dates of sample collections, test methods, dates of tests, results of the tests, and the relevant information designated in Articles 1 to 3 of this requirement.